NEW PLATES
MODERN ERA
The Cross of Saint Andrew. Gules, split at the end, three badges of the Maltese Cross Argent, between the motto “SEIGNEURS MALADES” in letters of the field on two bands of the second. Fringed Argent and Gules.

The standard is accompanied by the two badges granted by Lord Lyon, a roundel Gules and a roundel Sable, each charged with a Maltese Cross Argent, the latter accompanied by four fleurs-de-lys between the arms.
Prince Albert

Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha
HRH The Prince Consort
Married 1840 HM Queen Victoria
Bailiff of Honour and Devotion
Joined Order 16th December 1838

Son of Ernst I, Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfeld (since 1826 Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha) and Princess Louise of Saxe-Gotha-Altenburg. Prince Albert was born at Schloss Rosenau in 1819 and died at Windsor Castle in 1861. In 1857 he was created “Prince Consort of Her Most Gracious Majesty”.

Ernest, Duke of Saxe-Coburg, joined Order 16th December 1838.
See also Plate 108.

Arms: Quarterly, 1&4, quarterly I&IV. England; II. Scotland; III. Ireland, over all a label of three points Argent charged on the central point with a cross of Saint George; 2&3. Saxony; over all the chief of Religion. The staff supported by the golden lion regardant of Saxony, and the banner surmounted by the Crown of Saxony. (The lion is adapted from that given for Henry Percy, Earl of Northumberland in the Tudor Roll, the crown from that given for Hercules d’Este, Duke of Ferrara.)
ALBERT EDWARD, PRINCE OF WALES

Son of Prince Albert, (see preceding Plate). Invested as a Bailiff of Honour and Devotion by the Earl of Granard, President of the British Association, at Marlborough House in 1882. Succeeded as King Edward VII 1901.

Arms: The Royal Arms of the United Kingdom, bearing the label of the Heir Apparent; an inescutcheon of Saxony, over all the chief of Religion. The staff is supported by the crowned lion supporter, with a label. (The lion is that given for King Henry VIII in the Tudor Roll.)
Joined Order 2006

Married to HRH Prince Michael of Kent, great-great grandson of Prince Albert (see Plate 50) and Queen Victoria through King George V, and daughter of Baron Gunther von Reibnitz.


Arms: The Royal Arms of the United Kingdom, over all a label of five points, charged on alternate points with a Cross of Saint George and an anchor Azure; impaling Argent, two Bars Gules. The staff supported by a golden lion bearing a label as in the Arms. (The lion is based upon that given for Henry Percy, Earl of Northumberland in the Tudor Roll.)
FRA’ ANDREW BERTIE
SERVANT OF GOD

Joined Order 1956
Solemnly professed 1981
Prince and Grand Master 1988-2008
The cause for his Beatification was opened in 2013

The Bertie family originates in the parish of Bersted, East Sussex. At the close of the 15th century Thomas Bartue (sic) was an eminent architect. His exquisite signed drawing of the west front of Winchester Cathedral survives.

His son, Richard Bertie, married in 1553 Katherine, widow of Charles Brandon, 1st Duke of Suffolk. She was 12th Lady Willoughby de Eresby in her own right, a title inherited by their son, Peregrine. He married Lady Mary de Vere, daughter of John, 16th Earl of Oxford, Hereditary Lord Great Chamberlain of England (see also Plate 19).

This office was awarded to his son, Robert Bertie, 14th Lord Willoughby de Eresby as heir of his cousin, the 18th Earl of Oxford. In 1626, he was created Earl of Lindsey. In 1715, Robert Bertie, 3rd Earl of Lindsey was created Duke of Ancaster and Kesteven.

With the death of Robert Bertie, 3rd Duke of Ancaster, in 1779, the Lordship of Willoughby de Eresby and office of Lord Great Chamberlain devolved upon his sisters. Jane Heathcote-Drummond-Willoughby, Lady Willoughby de Eresby, is the present representative of the family. All of her surnames are represented in this book.
The dukedom became extinct on the death of Brownlow Bertie, 4th Duke and the earldom of Lindsey devolved upon Albemarle Bertie, as 9th Earl. He was a descendant of the 2nd Earl, the Honourable Charles Bertie, who died 1711. It was he who had bought Uffington Park, near Stamford. (Uffington House was destroyed by fire in 1902). His great-grandson, Albemarle Bertie, succeeded as 10th Earl in 1809. Montagu, 12th Earl of Lindsey, died 1936. He was succeeded by his distant cousin, Montagu Bertie, 8th Earl of Abingdon, as 13th Earl of Lindsey.

The 1st Earl of Abingdon was James Bertie, Lord Norreys of Rycote, a younger son of the 2nd Earl of Lindsey, who was created Earl of Abingdon in 1682. The 13th Earl of Lindsey and 8th Earl of Abingdon’s son, Richard Bertie, Earl of Lindsey and Abingdon, is the present holder.

See also Plate 65.

Arms: Quarterly, 1&4. The Order of Saint John; 2&3. Argent, three battering-rams barwise in pale proper, headed and garnished Azure. The staff supported by a Franciscan friar, supporter of the Arms of the Earls of Lindsey and Abingdon.
Fra' Matthew Festing
55th Grand Prior of England

Joined Order 1977
Obedience 1988
Solemnly professed 1991
Grand Prior of England 1993-2008
Prince and Grand Master 2008

The first Grand Prior on the revival of the Grand Priory in 1993.

See also Plate 1.
- Major Michael Festing, joined Order 1986
  Hospitaller, British Association 1995-2001
- Field Marshal Sir Francis Festing, joined Order 1964.
  Father of both of the above, married Mary Cecilia Riddell,
  elder daughter of Cuthbert David Giffard Riddell, an old
  recusant family of Swinburne Castle, Northumberland (see
  also Plate 73).

Arms: Azure, an eagle displayed Erminois between three castles
Argent. In chief point an escutcheon of the Order of Saint John.
The staff, surmounted by the double Cross is supported by a golden
eagle.
Fra’ Fredrik Crichton-Stuart
56th Grand Prior of England

Joined Order 1963
Solemnly professed 1995
Grand Prior of England 2008-2011

John Stewart (died circa 1445) bastard son of Robert II, King of Scots, was given the island of Bute and made its Hereditary Sheriff. His descendant, James, was created Earl of Bute in 1703. John, 3rd Earl of Bute, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, was Prime Minister in 1763, his son was created Viscount Mountjoy (see Plate 16) and Marquess of Bute in 1796. John, 2nd Marquess of Bute, Knight of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, assumed by sign manual the additional Name and Arms of Crichton of Sanquhar on inheriting the earldom of Dumfries on the death of his maternal grandfather in 1803. Fra’ Fredrik was grandson of the 4th Marquess of Bute (whose maternal great-grandfather was the 13th Duke of Norfolk) and Augusta née Bellingham (see Plates 11, 18 and 78). Augusta’s mother, Lady Constance Noel, was the daughter of the 2nd Earl of Gainsborough (see Plate 64) and Lady Ida Hay. Lady Ida, daughter of the 18th Earl of Erroll (see Plate 97) and Elizabeth FitzClarence, was a bridesmaid at the wedding of Queen Victoria and Prince Albert (see Plate 50) in the Chapel Royal of St James’s Palace in 1840. Elizabeth FitzClarence was the (illegitimate) daughter of William IV and thus the Queen’s first cousin.
In 2010, Pope Benedict XVI came to the United Kingdom on a state visit to Queen Elizabeth II. During the visit he addressed a joint session of the Houses of Parliament in Westminster Hall, to which Fra’ Fredrik was invited in his capacity as Grand Prior of England, the first Grand Prior to attend Parliament ex officio since the Reformation.


Niall Crichton-Stuart, joined Order 1970.


Arms: Quarterly, i&4 Or, within a Royal tressure Gules a fess chequy Azure and Argent; 2. Argent a lion rampant Azure; 3. Azure, three water bougets Or; over all a bordure Tenné, in the fess point an escutcheon of the Order of Saint John. The staff, surmounted by the double Cross, is supported by the red lion of Scotland.
Fra’ Ian Scott
57th Grand Prior of England

Joined Order 1985
Solemnly Professed 2013
Grand Prior of England 2011

Directly descended in the male line from William Scott of Barnshake (c. 1600-1640), cousin of James Scott in Irvine, of the House of Scott of Scotsloch and Clonbeith. The Houses of Scott of Scotsloch, Malleny and Clonbeith were recognised in letters patent by Walter Francis, Duke of Buccleuch, Chief of the Name and Arms of Scott, as undoubted cadets of Scott of Buccleuch.

In the female line, he descends from the Dishingtons of Ardross (see also Plate 121), whose first recorded member married Elizabeth, widow of the King of Norway, and sister of King Robert the Bruce (1274-1329). He is also collaterally descended from Lord Lynedoch, Second-in-Command to the Duke of Wellington during the Peninsular Campaign.

His great uncle, Colonel Sir William Dishington Scott CBE DSO MC, served with distinction in the Great War with the Highland Light Infantry. As a Major, he was mentioned in dispatches, and subsequently awarded the MC and, in 1917, the DSO. In 1947, he was appointed Honorary Colonel 15th Parachute Battalion (Scottish), and from 1946-1950 served as Chief Divisional Food Officer for Scotland, Ministry of Food.